# OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION SAMPLE BALLOT

## November 6, 2012

*Dear Voter:*

*Thank you for being a part of the Lake County Voting Process. In addition to the candidate races there are eleven Constitutional Amendments on the ballot making it a very lengthy ballot. I encourage you to study the Official Sample Ballot on the following pages and, as always, you may take it to the polls for reference. If you have any questions, or need to update your address, please call the Elections Office at (352) 343-9734 or email us at elections@lakecountyfl.gov.*

*Sincerely,*

*Emogene W. Stegall*
*Supervisor of Elections*

## *MAKE FREEDOM COUNT: VOTE*

**THIS SAMPLE BALLOT MAY BE TAKEN TO THE POLLS FOR REFERENCE**

**FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT THE LAKE COUNTY ELECTIONS OFFICE AT:**

- 315 W. Main Street, Rm. 144, Tavares, FL 32778
- Phone: (352) 343-9734
- Website: http://elections.lakecountyfl.gov
- e-mail: elections@lakecountyfl.gov

## How To Vote

1. Fill in the oval ⬭ completely next to your choice with a blue or black pen.
2. Insert your voted ballot into the scanner.

If you make a mistake, don't hesitate to ask for a new ballot. If you erase or make other marks, your vote may not count.

## *EARLY VOTING INFORMATION*

For your convenience, Early Voting for the General Election begins Saturday, October 27, 2012 and will be open every day through Saturday, November 3, 2012 (including Sunday, October 28th). All locations will be open from 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM.

**Cagan Crossings Community Library**
16729 Cagan Oaks, Clermont

**Cooper Memorial Library**
2525 Oakley Seaver Drive, Clermont

**County Administration Building**
2nd Floor Rotunda
315 W. Main St., Tavares

**Eustis Memorial Library**
120 N. Center St., Eustis

**Lady Lake Public Library**
2nd Floor
225 W. Guava St., Lady Lake

**Leesburg Public Library**
Room B
100 E. Main St., Leesburg

**Minneola City Hall**
800 N. US Hwy. 27, Minneola

**Umatilla City Hall**
Council Chambers
1 S. Central Ave. (SR 19), Umatilla

**W. T. Bland Public Library**
1995 N. Donnelly St., Mount Dora

Any registered voter wishing to vote before Election Day may vote at any of the above locations. **Please take signature and picture identification with you to vote.** If you have any questions, contact the **Office of Emogene W. Stegall, Supervisor of Elections at (352) 343-9734**.

# OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION SAMPLE BALLOT

**LAKE COUNTY, FLORIDA NOVEMBER 6, 2012**

## PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Mitt Romney / Paul Ryan — REP
- ◯ Barack Obama / Joe Biden — DEM
- ◯ Thomas Robert Stevens / Alden Link — OBJ
- ◯ Gary Johnson / James P. Gray — LBT
- ◯ Virgil H. Goode, Jr. / James N. Clymer — CPF
- ◯ Jill Stein / Cheri Honkala — GRE
- ◯ Andre Barnett / Kenneth Cross — REF
- ◯ Stewart Alexander / Alex Mendoza — SOC
- ◯ Peta Lindsay / Yari Osorio — PSL
- ◯ Roseanne Barr / Cindy Sheehan — PFP
- ◯ Tom Hoefling / Jonathan D. Ellis — AIP
- ◯ Ross C. "Rocky" Anderson / Luis J. Rodriguez — JPF
- ◯ Write-in _____

## UNITED STATES SENATOR
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Connie Mack — REP
- ◯ Bill Nelson — DEM
- ◯ Bill Gaylor — NPA
- ◯ Chris Borgia — NPA
- ◯ Write-in_____

## REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 5
(Vote for One)

- ◯ LeAnne Kolb — REP
- ◯ Corrine Brown — DEM
- ◯ Eileen Fleming — NPA
- ◯ Write-in _____

## STATE SENATOR DISTRICT 11
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Alan Hays — REP
- ◯ John Iler — NPA

## PROPERTY APPRAISER
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Carey Baker — REP
- ◯ Write-in _____

## SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Margie Eaton — REP
- ◯ Emogene W. Stegall — DEM

## BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS DISTRICT 3
(Vote for One)

- ◯ Jimmy Conner — REP
- ◯ Michael L Odette — NPA

## JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Shall Justice R. Fred Lewis of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

## JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Shall Justice Barbara J. Pariente of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

## JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Shall Justice Peggy A. Quince of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- YES
- NO

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## SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER DISTRICT 2
(Vote for One)

- Rosanne Brandeburg
- Jim Miller

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## SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER DISTRICT 4
(Vote for One)

- T. Lowe
- Debbie Stivender

**Continued next page**

**NO. 1**
**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT**
**ARTICLE I, SECTION 28**

**Health Care Services**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to prohibit laws or rules from compelling any person or employer to purchase, obtain, or otherwise provide for health care coverage; permit a person or an employer to purchase lawful health care services directly from a health care provider; permit a health care provider to accept direct payment from a person or an employer for lawful health care services; exempt persons, employers, and health care providers from penalties and taxes for paying directly or accepting direct payment for lawful health care services; and prohibit laws or rules from abolishing the private market for health care coverage of any lawful health care service. Specifies that the amendment does not affect which health care services a health care provider is required to perform or provide; affect which health care services are permitted by law; prohibit care provided pursuant to general law relating to workers' compensation; affect laws or rules in effect as of March 1, 2010; affect the terms or conditions of any health care system to the extent that those terms and conditions do not have the effect of punishing a person or an employer for paying directly for lawful health care services or a health care provider for accepting direct payment from a person or an employer for lawful health care services; or affect any general law passed by two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature, passed after the effective date of the amendment, provided such law states with specificity the public necessity justifying the exceptions from the provisions of the amendment. The amendment expressly provides that it may not be construed to prohibit negotiated provisions in insurance contracts, network agreements, or other provider agreements contractually limiting copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, or other patient charges.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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**NO. 2**
**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT**
**ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6 - ARTICLE XII, SECTION 32**

**Veterans Disabled Due to Combat Injury; Homestead Property Tax Discount**

Proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of Section 32 of Article XII of the State Constitution to expand the availability of the property discount on the homesteads of veterans who became disabled as the result of a combat injury to include those who were not Florida residents when they entered the military and schedule the amendment to take effect January 1, 2013.

◯ YES
◯ NO

**NO. 3**
**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT**
**ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 1 AND 19 - ARTICLE XII, SECTION 32**

**State Government Revenue Limitation**

This proposed amendment to the State Constitution replaces the existing state revenue limitation based on Florida personal income growth with a new state revenue limitation based on inflation and population changes. Under the amendment, state revenues, as defined in the amendment, collected in excess of the revenue limitation must be deposited into the budget stabilization fund until the fund reaches its maximum balance, and thereafter shall be used for the support and maintenance of public schools by reducing the minimum financial effort required from school districts for participation in a state-funded education finance program, or, if the minimum financial effort is no longer required, returned to the taxpayers. The Legislature may increase the state revenue limitation through a bill approved by a super majority vote of each house of the Legislature. The Legislature may also submit a proposed increase in the state revenue limitation to the voters. The Legislature must implement this proposed amendment by general law. The amendment will take effect upon approval by the electors and will first apply to the 2014-2015 state fiscal year.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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**NO. 4**
**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT**
**ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6 - ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 27, 32, 33**

**Property Tax Limitations; Property Value Decline; Reduction for Nonhomestead Assessment Increases; Delay of Scheduled Repeal**

(1) This would amend Florida Constitution Article VII, Section 4 (Taxation; assessments) and Section 6 (Homestead exemptions). It also would amend Article XII, Section 27, and add Sections 32 and 33, relating to the Schedule for the amendments.
(2) In certain circumstances, the law requires the assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property to increase when the just value of the property decreases. Therefore, this amendment provides that the Legislature may, by general law, provide that the assessment of homestead and specified nonhomestead property may not increase if the just value of that property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding January 1, subject to any adjustment in the assessed value due to changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property which are assessed as provided for by general law. This amendment takes effect upon approval by the voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.
(3) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 5 percent the limitation on annual changes in assessments of nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon approval of the voters. If approved

at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

(4) This amendment also authorizes general law to provide, subject to conditions specified in such law, an additional homestead exemption to every person who establishes the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in the Florida Constitution within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which the Florida homestead exemption applied. The additional homestead exemption shall apply to all levies except school district levies. The additional exemption is an amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The additional homestead exemption may not exceed an amount equal to the median just value of all homestead property within the county where the property at issue is located for the calendar year immediately preceding January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The additional exemption shall apply for the shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property. The amount of the additional exemption shall be reduced in each subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead was established or by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under Article VII, Section 4(d), whichever is greater. Not more than one such exemption shall be allowed per homestead property at one time. The additional exemption applies to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if approved by the voters at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or to property purchased on or after January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election. The additional exemption is not available in the sixth and subsequent years after it is first received. The amendment shall take effect upon approval by the voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

(5) This amendment also delays until 2023, the repeal, currently scheduled to take effect in 2019, of constitutional amendments adopted in 2008 which limit annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property. This amendment delays until 2022 the submission of an amendment proposing the abrogation of such repeal to the voters.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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## NO. 5

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

## ARTICLE V, SECTIONS 2, 11, AND 12

**State Courts**

Proposing a revision of Article V of the State Constitution relating to the judiciary.

The State Constitution authorizes the Supreme Court to adopt rules for the practice and procedure in all courts. The constitution further provides that a rule of court may be repealed by a general law enacted by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature. This proposed constitutional revision eliminates the requirement that a general law repealing a court rule pass by a two-thirds vote of each house, thereby providing that the Legislature may repeal a rule of court by a general law approved by a majority vote of each house of the Legislature that expresses the policy behind the repeal. The court could readopt the rule in conformity with the public policy expressed by the Legislature, but if the Legislature determines that a rule has been readopted and repeals the readopted rule, this proposed revision prohibits the court from further readopting the repealed rule without the Legislature's prior approval. Under current law, rules of the judicial nominating commissions and the Judicial Qualifications Commission may be repealed by general law enacted by a majority vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature. Under this proposed revision, a vote to repeal those rules is changed to repeal by general law enacted by a majority vote of the legislators present.

Under current law, the Governor appoints a justice of the Supreme Court from a list of nominees provided by a judicial nominating commission, and appointments by the Governor are not subject to confirmation. This revision requires Senate confirmation of a justice of the Supreme Court before the appointee can take office. If the Senate votes not to confirm the appointment, the judicial nominating commission must reconvene and may not renominate any person whose prior appointment to fill the same vacancy was not confirmed by the Senate. For the purpose of confirmation, the Senate may meet at any time. If the Senate fails to vote on the appointment of a justice within 90 days, the justice will be deemed confirmed and will take office.

The Judicial Qualifications Commission is an independent commission created by the State Constitution to investigate and prosecute before the Florida Supreme Court alleged misconduct by a justice or judge. Currently under the constitution, commission proceedings are confidential until formal charges are filed by the investigative panel of the commission. Once formal charges are filed, the formal charges and all further proceedings of the commission are public. Currently, the constitution authorizes the House of Representatives to impeach a justice or judge. Further, the Speaker of the House of Representatives may request, and the Judicial Qualifications Commission must make available, all information in the commission's possession for use in deciding whether to impeach a justice or judge. This proposed revision requires the commission to make all of its files available to the Speaker of the House of Representatives but provides that such files would remain confidential during any investigation by the House of Representatives and until such information is used in the pursuit of an impeachment of a justice or judge.

This revision also removes the power of the Governor to request files of the Judicial Qualifications Commission to conform to a prior constitutional change. This revision also makes technical and clarifying additions and deletions relating to the selection of chief judges of a circuit and relating to the Judicial Qualifications Commission, and makes other nonsubstantive conforming and technical changes in the judicial article of the constitution.

◯ YES
◯ NO

## NO. 6
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE I, SECTION 28

**Prohibition on Public Funding of Abortions; Construction of Abortion Rights**

This proposed amendment provides that public funds may not be expended for any abortion or for health-benefits coverage that includes coverage of abortion. This prohibition does not apply to an expenditure required by federal law, a case in which a woman suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness that would place her in danger of death unless an abortion is performed, or a case of rape or incest. This proposed amendment provides that the State Constitution may not be interpreted to create broader rights to an abortion than those contained in the United States Constitution. With respect to abortion, this proposed amendment overrules court decisions which conclude that the right of privacy under Article I, Section 23 of the State Constitution is broader in scope than that of the United States Constitution.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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## NO. 8
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE I, SECTION 3

**Religious Freedom**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution providing that no individual or entity may be denied, on the basis of religious identity or belief, governmental benefits, funding or other support, except as required by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, and deleting the prohibition against using revenues from the public treasury directly or indirectly in aid of any church, sect, or religious denomination or in aid of any sectarian institution.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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## NO. 9
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6 - ARTICLE XII, SECTION 32

**Homestead Property Tax Exemption for Surviving Spouse of Military Veteran or First Responder**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature to provide by general law ad valorem homestead property tax relief to the surviving spouse of a military veteran who died from service-connected causes while on active duty or to the surviving spouse of a first responder who died in the line of duty. The amendment authorizes the Legislature to totally exempt or partially exempt such surviving spouse's homestead property from ad valorem taxation. The amendment defines a first responder as a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic. This amendment shall take effect January 1, 2013.

◯ YES
◯ NO

## NO. 10
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE VII, SECTION 3 - ARTICLE XII, SECTION 32

**Tangible Personal Property Tax Exemption**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to:
(1)Provide an exemption from ad valorem taxes levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and other local governments on tangible personal property if the assessed value of an owner's tangible personal property is greater than $25,000 but less than $50,000. This new exemption, if approved by the voters, will take effect on January 1, 2013, and apply to the 2013 tax roll and subsequent tax rolls.
(2) Authorize a county or municipality for the purpose of its respective levy, and as provided by general law, to provide tangible personal property tax exemptions by ordinance.
This is in addition to other statewide tangible personal property tax exemptions provided by the Constitution and this amendment.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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## NO. 11
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6

**Additional Homestead Exemption; Low-Income Seniors Who Maintain Long-Term Residency on Property; Equal to Assessed Value**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general law and subject to conditions set forth in the general law, to allow counties and municipalities to grant an additional homestead tax exemption equal to the assessed value of homestead property if the property has a just value less than $250,000 to an owner who has maintained permanent residency on the property for not less than 25 years, who has attained age 65, and who has a low household income as defined by general law.

◯ YES
◯ NO

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## NO. 12
## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
## ARTICLE IX, SECTION 7

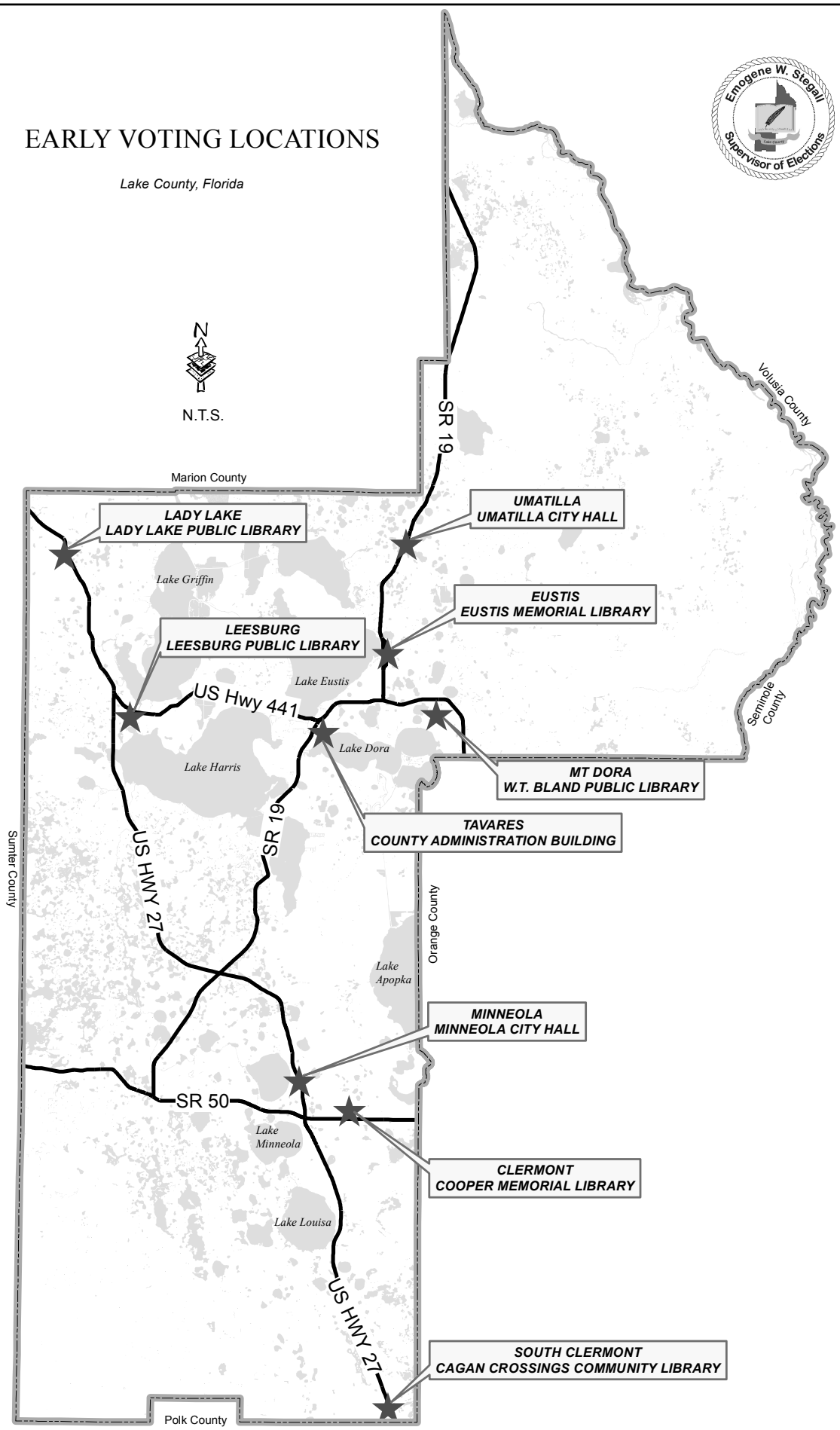
**Appointment of Student Body President to Board of Governors of the State University System**

Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to replace the president of the Florida Student Association with the chair of the council of state university student body presidents as the student member of the Board of Governors of the State University System and to require that the Board of Governors organize such council of state university student body presidents.

◯ YES
◯ NO

# EARLY VOTING LOCATIONS

*Lake County, Florida*






G004

Emogene W. Stegall
**Supervisor of Elections**
**P.O. Box 457, Tavares, FL 32778**

NONPROFIT
US POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT NO. 1040
Leesburg, FL
34748

**POLLS ARE OPEN**
**7:00 A.M. TO 7:00 P.M.**

This sample ballot was prepared in accordance with Section 101.20, Florida Statutes, and furnished by the Office of
Emogene W. Stegall
Supervisor of Elections
Jerry J. Foster
Assistant Supervisor of Elections
Lake County, Florida

**Please take *signature and picture identification* with you to vote. If you have any questions, please contact the Office of Emogene W. Stegall at (352) 343-9734.**

**NEED TO VOTE BY MAIL?**
**Call our office at (352) 343-9734 for information on voting by mail or to request a ballot.**

**Lake County Supervisor of Elections Free Access System:**
Access our website at http://elections.lakecountyfl.gov/ for absentee ballot status and voter registration information.
Contact us with questions by
email: elections@lakecountyfl.gov or by calling (352) 343-9734.